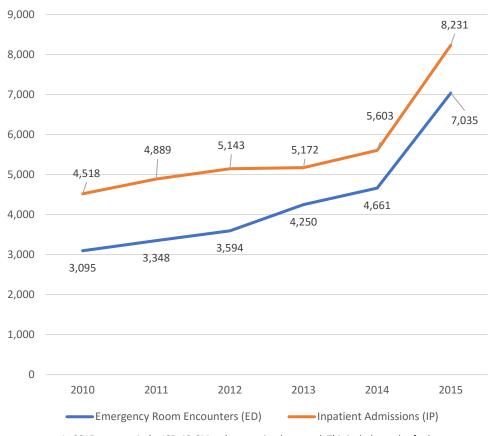


The Scope of Opioid Use in Nevada, 2015

Opioid-Related Hospitalizations, Nevada Residents, 2010-2015



In 2015, quarter 4, the ICD-10-CM codes were implemented. This includes codes for long term current use of an opiate and for opiate in the blood, neither of which existed in the ICD-9-CM codes. This may account for some of the increase in 2015.



The % change of ED encounters in this time was +114% and for IP admission was +72%. (2010 – 2015)



8% of the IP admissions had a length of stay 15 days or longer. (2015)



Over 26% of ED encounters and 36% of IP admissions were among patients aged 55 years and older. (2015)



Medicaid paid for 42% of ED encounters and 36% of IP admissions. (2015)



Of the opioid poisonings (965.0 ICD-9, T40.0-T40.4, and T40.6 ICD-10), 15% were a result of Opium, 28% were Heroin, 4% were Methadone, and 53% were other Opioids or Narcotics. (2015)



Naloxone was administered by the hospital on 14.4% of the ED patients with opioid poisoning. (2015)

Opioid-Related Overdose Deaths, Nevada Residents, 2010-2015*



2012



0

The opioid-related deaths in Nevada have

decreased by 15%.

The greatest number of deaths each year occur among those aged 45 to 54 years. (2010 – 2015)



2011

Roughly 85% of all benzodiazepine-related overdos deaths also involve opioids.

Roughly 28% of all opioidrelated overdose deaths also involve benzodiazepines. (2010 – 2015)



2014

2013

61% of the opioid-related overdose deaths were caused by natural and semisynthetic opioids, 18% were caused by heroin, 14% by methadone, 7% synthetic opioids, and the remaining 12% were unspecified opioids. (2015)

2015* *2015 data is preliminary



Of the opioid-related deaths in Nevada,
75% were deemed accidents and 12% were deemed suicide.
(2010 – 2015)

Health care providers in different states prescribe at different levels.

Number of paintifier prescriptions per 100 people

Lowest Average Highest

Average Highest

William Mar 10 Mar

Nevada clinicians wrote 94 painkiller prescriptions for every 100 Nevada residents. (2012)

Based on Nevada's Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PMP), for Hydrocodone, Oxycodone, and Alprazolam prescriptions in 2015:



Total Prescriptions = 2,371,134

Total 2015 population = 2,890,845

Per Capita = 82/100 residents